Stroll down the Buddhist aisle of any large book store and you'll find it lousy with books written by blokes

who have yet to accomplish the tenth Bodhisattva Bhumi, no less full enlightenment.

What are they going to teach you, how to NOT become a Buddha?

But of course that sentence dates me as profoundly as my 1970's cultural references, for Amazon, the beast that Bezos made, has gobbled up bookstores hither and yon.

Oh what a mess Buddhism has become.

A deeply pragmatic fellow, while the Buddha was alive, he spoke out against sexism, classism, superstition, ritual,

mythology, philosophy, metaphysics, greed, as well as hate

and instead contented himself to teach meditation and contemplation simply and effectively.

Yet no sooner had he been assassinated

then great fools began teaching those very things (in the name of he, who taught against them).

Rather like making love in the name of virginity, if you ask me.

All the while neglecting many of the Buddha's instructions

these pious fools inserted others' teachings in his name;

some Hindu, some Neo-Taoist, and some shamanistic.

And when these so-called improved teachings failed to generate

the results seen while the Buddha yet drew air;

they refused to second guess their assumptions and actions, blaming instead the students and the times,

insisting that these were dark days indeed

and the liberation that the Buddha's students had accomplished in merely seven:

years, quarters, months, fortnights, weeks, or even days;

now could only be accomplished after heroically striving for no less than three great eons.

Instead of using the terms yang and yin, or patriarchy and matriarchy let us contrast the behaviors

of the foolish Devadatta with those of his wise cousin Gautama,

who became known as the Buddha.

A slave to elitism, Devadatta hungered for prestige, power, and authority. Using personal attacks, the guise of piety, rigidity, aggression, fear,

and divisive arguments for asceticism

he created a schism within the Buddha's community of nuns, monks, and laity,

for the sole purpose of gathering to himself patrons, students, power, and prestige.

And while that silly fellow was quite skilled at clawing his way into positions of power

he was absolutely dreadful at actually sharing useful instructions

that truly benefitted his acolytes;

who soon abandoned him and returned to the Buddha

(who has also come to be known as Shakyamuni).

To put it succinctly, Devadatta taught from the domineering duality of dread and desire;

whereas the Buddha flexibly flowed from love and letting go.

A month does not seem to pass without a good hearted seeker

asking one of Facebook's online communities

for Buddhist reading suggestions only to be slathered

(as if they were the star of a great literary Bukkake)

with recommendations for books that seem to have been written

more from that tradition of foolish Devadatta than from that of wise Gautama.

The only thing greater than my laziness is the distress I feel at watching

the good hearted being lead down frustrating paths that cannot give them
the peace and love
for which
they so desperately hunger.

Perhaps I have a low threshold for the suffering of others as this book is written to solve their frustration

that the good hearted might escape the habitual momentum

of the domineering duality of dread and desire,

and instead master the Buddha's flexible flow of love and letting-go.

A. Introduction – Why another Buddhist Book?